International Journal of Pharmaceutical Drug Design

IJPDD, Vol.-1, Issue-6 (May, 2024) ISSN: 2584-2897 Website: https://ijpdd.org/



Review

Benzothiazole Congenres and It's Therapeutic Consequence: Mini statement

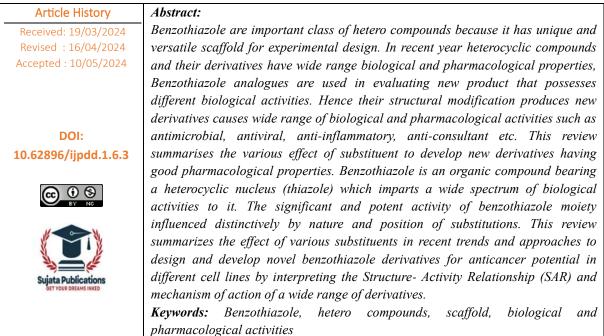
Triloki Prasad^{*1}, Surjeet Singh², Priya Bharti³, Shrutikant Gupta⁴, Madhu Sharma⁵, Priyanka Yadav^{*6}, Deepak Kumar⁷

^{1,3,5}Assistant Professor, Kalka Institute for Research and Advanced Studies, Partapur bypass, Meerut, U.P. 250300

²Assistant Professor, Sunder Deep College of Pharmacy, NH-29, Dasna, Ghaziabad, UP.

⁶Associate Professor, Kalka Institute for Research and Advanced Studies, Partapur bypass, Meerut, U.P. 250300 ⁴Lecturer, KPIAS, Partapur by pass, Meerut, U.P. – 250300

⁷Swami Sahzanand College College of Pharmacy, Azamgarh, UP.



*Corresponding Author

Priyanka Yadav

Associate Professor, Kalka Institute for Research and Advanced Studies, Partapur by pass, Meerut, U.P. 250300 Email: priya.its05@gmail.com

This is an Open Access article that uses a funding model which does not charge readers or their institutions for access and distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0) and the Budapest Open Access Initiative (http://www.budapestopenaccessinitiative.org/read), which permit unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided original work is properly credited.

INTRODUCTION

Benzothiazole is a heterocyclic ring system merged with a thiazole moiety execute an extensive range of biological activities including anticonvulsant [1], antiviral [2], antitubercular [3], antimalarial [4], anthelmintic [5], photosensitizing [6], diuretic [7], analgesic [8], anticancer [9], antimicrobial [10], antioxidant, anti-inflammatory [8] and antidiabetics [11] and other activities [12]. Benzothiazole and its derivatives (especially 2-aryl benzothiazoles) are potent radioactive imaging moieties in neurodegenerative disorders due to their amyloid-binding property [9, 13, 14]. Benzothiazole consists of thiazole ring fused with benzene ring and possess multiple applications. In 1950s, a number of 2-aminobenzothiazoles were intensively studied as central muscle relaxants. Since then, biologist's attention was drawn to this series when pharmacological profile of Riluzole (6-trifluoormethoxy-2-benzothiazolamines, Rilutek), as a Glutamate neurotransmission inhibitor was discovered. After that benzothiazole derivatives have been extensively studied and found to have diverse chemical reactivity and broad spectrum of activity 15-19.

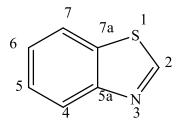
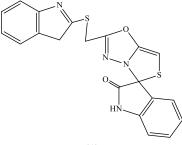


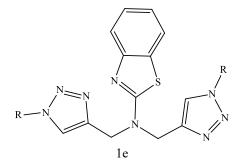
Fig.1: Benzothiazole

Derivatives of 2-aminobenzothiazoles are reported to have diverse biological activities like cytotoxicity, antiinfammatory, analgesic, anthelmintic, antiviral, antidiabetic, antimicrobial, antileishmanial, anticonvulsant, Alzheimer's disease, and calcium channel blocking [20-23]. (e present study was carried out on 6-sulfonamide containing 2-aminobenzothiazole Schil bases derivatives as lead molecules of the study with the aid of docking for evaluating their diuretic activity, which is an adjutant therapy in treating hypertension [24-26]. 27. Vikas S. Padalkar et. al were Synthesized and evaluated antimicrobial activity of novel 2-substituted benzimidazole, benzoxazole and benzothiazole derivatives. derivatives of 2-(1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)-5а (diethylamino)phenol,2-(1,3-benzoxazol-2-yl)-5-(diethylamino)phenol, 2-(1,3-benzothiazol-2-yl)-5-(diethylamino)phenol and were synthesized starting from p-N,N-diethyl amino salicylaldehyde with different substituted o-phenylenediamine or o-aminophenol or o-aminothiophenol. All the synthesized compounds were evaluated for in vitro antibacterial activities against Escherichia coli and Staphylococcus aureus strains and screened in vitro antifungal activity against Candida albicans and Aspergillus niger strains by using serial dilution method. The antibacterial activities were showed as the minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) in lg/Ml 28. Hemlata kaur et. al synthesized, characterize and screened biological activity of various substituted benzothiazole derivatives.

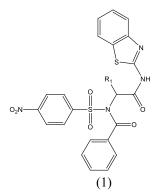


(1)

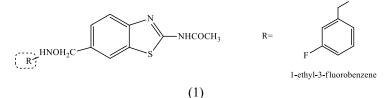
Manavendra K. Singh et.al were designed, synthesized and antimicrobial activity of novel benzothiazole analogues. They designed and synthesized a new class of antimicrobials, dialkyne substituted 2-aminobenzothiazole that was reacted with various substituted aryl azides to generate a small collection of 20 compounds (3set) by click chemistry [29]. These compounds were tested for their antibacterial activity against Gram bacteria (Staphylococcus aureus and Enterococcus faecalis), Gram negative bacteria (Salmonella typhi, Escherichia coli, Klebsiella pneumoniae, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Shigella boydii) and antifungal activity against Candida tropicalis, Candida albicans, Candida krusei, Cryptococcus neoformans) as well as molds (Aspergillus niger, Aspergillus fumigatus). The compound 1e showed maximum potency against all gram bacterial strains with MIC value 3.12 mg/ml, that is twofold more active as compared to standard drug ciprofloxacin (MIC 6.25 mg/ml.



David Izuchukwu Ugwu et.al synthesized and evaluated novel molecular docking studies of anti-inflammatory and analgesic agents of benzothiazole derivatives by in vivo. Twelve new derivatives of benzothiazole bearing benzene sulphonamide and carboxamide were synthesised and investigated in vivo anti-inflammatory, analgesic [30] and ulcerogenic activities. Molecular docking expressed an excellent binding interaction of the synthesised compounds with the receptors, with 1c showing the highest binding energy (-12.50 kcal/mol). Compound 1c and 1i causes prohibited carrageenan induced rat paw oedema at 72, 76, and 80% and 64, 73, and 78% at 1 h, 2 h, and 3 h, respectively.

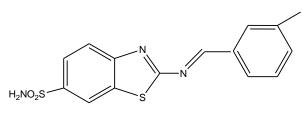


Gnanavel Sadhasivam et.al were synthesized, characterized, and evaluated of anti-inflammatory and antidiabetic activity of new benzothiazole derivatives. A series of new benzothiazole derivatives were synthesized and evaluated for anti-inflammatory and anti-diabetic activity. Compounds structures were confirmed by 1H-NMR,13C-NMR, FT-IR, and LC-MS. The compounds 1 also showed good anti-inflammatory activity[30].



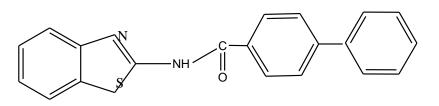
Durgaprasad Kemisetti et.al synthesized and analysed novel benzothiazole derivatives as Diuretic Agents. All compound recrystallized, characterized, and tested for diuretic efficacy in vivo by ,using different online tools, m.p. (melting point), Rf, FTIR (Fourier transform infrared), 1H-NMR (proton nuclear magnetic resonance) data are analysed, Autodock is another online tool to analyse the data of benzothiazole derivatives[32]. Acetazolamide was shown to have a diuretic effect that was superior to that of compounds Ib, whereas 2-{(E)-[(3-hydroxyphenyl) methylidene] amino}-1,3-benzothiazole-6-sulfonamide (IIIb) was found to be the most promising potential.

ΟH



Ib

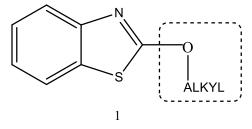
Mohammad shahar yar et.al were synthesized and screened in vivo diuretic activity of biphenyl benzothiazole-2-carboxamide derivatives. A series of N-{(substituted)1,3-benzothiazol-2-yl}-1,1'-biphenyl-4-carboxamides were synthesized by reaction between biphenyl acid chloride and 2-aminobenzothiazole[33]. The synthesized compounds were evaluated in vivo for diuretic activity. Among the series, N-(1,3-benzothiazol-2-yl)-1, biphenyl-4-carboxamide (1) was found to be the most promising candidate.



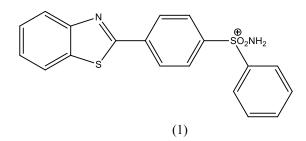
(1)

Zehra Ku c,u kbay et.al synthesized, characterized novel benzothiazole derivatives and evaluated biological carbonic anhydrase inhibitory activity. N-protected amino acids were reacted with substituted benzothiazoles to give the corresponding N-protected amino acid-benzothiazole conjugates (60–89%). Their structures were confirmed by proton nuclear magnetic resonance (1H NMR), carbon-13 nuclear magnetic resonance (13C NMR), IR and elemental analysis.[34].

Qinghao Jin et.al were synthesized of Benzo[d]Thiazol-2(3H)-One Derivatives and evaluated their antidepressant and anticonvulsant effects. Thirty-four new benzo[d]thiazol derivatives were synthesized and screened their antidepressant and anticonvulsant effects. compound 1 showed the maximum antidepressant and anticonvulsant effects.



36. Sukhbir L. Khokra et.al were Synthesized and studied Computational parameter and evaluated anticonvulsant Activity of Novel Benzothiazole Coupled Sulfonamide Derivatives. Benzothiazole were synthesized by ³/₄ substituted with benzene sulphonamide linked via phenyl ring by condensation of 2-(3/4-aminophenyl) benzothiazole with various substituted sulfonyl chlorides, the two series of title compounds namely N-(4-(benzothiazole-2-yl) phenyl) 4- substituted benzene sulphonamides and N-(4-(benzothiazole-2-yl) phenyl) 4- substituted benzene sulphonamides and N-(4-(benzothiazole-2-yl) phenyl3- substituted benzene sulphonamides were synthesized. Compound 1 showed as the most potent anticonvulsant agent against maximal electroshock (MES) model.



37.Bharti Chauhan et. al. were designed, synthesized, In Vivo, and In silico evaluation of Benzothiazoles Bearing a 1,3,4-Oxadiazole Moiety as new antiepileptic Agents. A new series of 2-[4-methoxy-3-(5-substituted phenyl-[1,3,4]oxadiazol-2-ylmethoxy)-

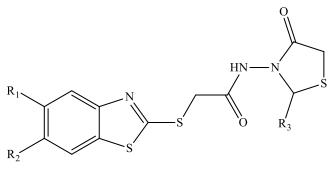
phenyl]-benzothiazoles were synthesized and studied in vivo and in silico for their anticonvulsant potential. Maximum electroshocks (MES) and subcutaneous pentylenetetrazol (PTZ) models have been used for in vivo anticonvulsant activity.

38. Chetna Kharbanda et.al Twenty-eight benzothiazole based sulfonylureas/sulfonyl thioureas were synthesized and were screened for their antidiabetic effect in a glycaemic rat model by the in vivo oral glucose tolerance test. All the synthesized compounds were studied by interactions with PPAR- γ receptor site through a docking

study. Subsequently, in vitro PPAR- γ transactivation assay was performed on ten active compounds. All synthesized compounds showed moderate to good antidiabetic activity.

39. Ninad V. Puranik et.al reported antidiabetic potential and enzyme kinetics of benzothiazole derivatives by non-bonded interactions with alpha glucosidase and alpha amylase. Benzothiazole derivatives were synthesized and evaluated antidiabetic potential by using α -glucosidase, α -amylase, non-enzymatic glycosylation of haemoglobin and advanced glycation end product inhibition assays.

40. Sunil Kumar et. al were studied biological assessments of substituted benzothiazole derivatives in streptozocin induced diabetes rats Some benzothiazole were synthesized by the streptozocin induced diabetes rat model, among them compound 1d exhibited more potent anti-diabetic activity at 350 mg/kg p.o.



1d

CONCLUSION

All synthesized derivatives show good to moderate biological activities. Review furnishes that benzothiazole derivatives displayed various pharmacological properties. Further modification in its main nucleus of benzothiazole derivatives produces efficient derivatives with good biological properties.

REFERENCES

1.Siddiqui, N.; Pandeya, S.N.; Khan, S.A.; Stables, J.; Rana, A.; Alam, M.; Arshad, M.F.; Bhat, M.A. Synthesis and anti-convulsant activity of sulphonamide derivatives-hydrophobic domain. *Bioorg.Med. Chem. Lett.*, **2007**, *17*, 255-259. [http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.bmcl.2006.09.053] [PMID: 17046248]

2. Wang, T.; Kadow, J.F.; Meanwell, N.A. Benzothiazole Antiviral Agents. Google Patents August 2006.

3. Katz, L. Antituberculosis Compounds. III. Benzothiazole and Benzoxazole Derivatives. J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1953, 75(3), 712-714. [http://dx.doi.org/10.1021/ja01099a059]

4. Burger, A.; Sawhney, S.N. Antimalarials. III. Benzothiazole Amino Alcohols. J. Med. Chem., 1968, 11(2), 270-273.

5. Haugwitz, R.D.; Angel, R.G.; Jacobs, G.A.; Maurer, B.V.; Narayanan.; Cruthers, L.R.; Szanto, J. Antiparasitic agents. 5. Synthesis and anthelmintic activities of novel 2heteroaromaticsubstituted isothiocyanatobenzoxazoles and benzothiazoles. J. Med. Chem., 1982, 25(8)

6. Hu, W-P.; Chen, Y-K.; Liao, C-C.; Yu, H-S.; Tsai, Y-M.; Huang, S-M.; Tsai, F-Y.; Shen, H-C.; Chang, L-S.; Wang, J-J. Synthesis, and biological evaluation of 2-(4-aminophenyl) benzothiazole derivatives as photosensitizing agents. Bioorg. Med. Chem., 2010,18(16), 6197-6207.

7. Yar, M.S.; Ansari, Z.H. Synthesis and in vivo diuretic activity of biphenyl benzothiazole-2-carboxamide derivatives. Acta Pol. Pharm., 2009, 66(4), 387-392.

8.Shafi, S.; Alam, M.M.; Mulakayala, N.; Mulakayala, C.; Vanaja.; Kalle, A.M.; Pallu, R.; Alam, M.S. Synthesis of novel 2-mercapto benzothiazole and 1,2,3-triazole based bisheterocycles: Their anti-inflammatory and antinociceptive activities. Eur. J.Med. Chem., 2012, 49, 324-333.

9. Chhabra, M.; Sinha, S.; Banerjee, S.; Paira, P. An efficient green synthesis of 2-arylbenzothiazole analogues as potent antibacterial and anticancer agents. Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett., 2016, 26, 213-217.

10. Sahu, P.K.; Sahu, P.K.; Samadhiya, P.; Sahu, P.L.; Agarwal, D.D.POM analyses and evaluation of in vitro antimicrobial, antitumor activity of 4H-Pyrimido[2,1-b] benzothiazole derivatives. Med. Chem. Res., 2016, 25(8), 1551-1563.

11. Moreno-Diaz, H.; Villalobos-Molina, R.; Ortiz-Andrade, R.; Diaz-Coutino, D.; Medina-Franco, J.L.; Webster, S.P.; Binnie, M.; Estrada-Soto, S.; Ibarra-Barajas, M.; Leon-Rivera, I.; Navarrete-Vazquez, G. Antidiabetic activity of N-(6substituted-1,3- benzothiazol-2-yl) benzenesulfonamides. Bioorg. Med. Chem.Lett., 2008, 18(9), 2871-2877.

12. Sharma, P.C.; Sinhmar, A.; Sharma, A.; Rajak, H.; Pathak, D.P. Medicinal significance of benzothiazole scaffold: An insight view.J. Enzyme Inhib. Med. Chem., 2013, 28(2), 240-266.

 Henriksen, G.; Hauser, A.I.; Westwell, A.D.; Yousefi, B.H.; Schwaiger, M.; Drzezga, A.; Wester, H-J. Metabolically stabilized benzothiazoles for imaging of amyloid plaques. J. Med. Chem.,2007, 50(6), 1087-1089. 2`

14. Milton, N.G.N.; Chilumuri, A.; Rocha-Ferreira, E.; Nercessian, A.N.; Ashioti, M. Kisspeptin prevention of amyloid- β peptide neurotoxicity in vitro. ACS Chem. Neurosci., 2012, 3(9), 706-719.

15.Chaudhary P, Sharma P, Sharma A and Varshney J: Recent advances in pharmacological activity of benzothiazole derivatives. International Journal of Current Pharmaceutical research 2010, 2(4): 5-11.

16. Rana A, Siddiqui N and Khan SA: Benzothiazoles: A new profile of biological activities. Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences 2007, 69(1): 10-17.

17. Malik J, Manvi FV, Nanjwade BK and Purohit P: New 2-amino substituted benzothiazoles: A new profile of biological activities. Journal of Pharmacy Research 2009, 2(11): 1687-1690.

18. Malik JK, Manvi FV, Nanjwade BK, Singh S and Purohit P: Review of the 2-amino substituted benzothiazoles: Different methods of the synthesis. Der Pharmacia Lettre 2010, 2(1): 347-359.

19. Priyanka, Sharma NK and Jha KK: Benzothiazole: The molecule of diverse biological activities. International Journal of Current Pharmaceutical Research 2010, 2(2): 1-6. 20. H. Smith, "Diuretics: a review for the pharmacist," SA Pharmaceutical Journal, vol. 81, pp. 18–21, 2014.

21. Gandhi, P. Kalal, P. Prajapat, D. K. Agarwal, and S. Agarwal, "Diversity oriented synthesis of 4H-pyrimido [2,1-b] benzothiazole derivatives via biginellis reaction: a review,"

Combinatorial Chemistry & High Broughput Screening, vol. 21, no. 4, pp. 236–253, 2018.

22. Q. Sun and X. Bao, "Facile preparation of dihydro-1, 4- benzothiazine derivatives via oxidative ring-expansion of 2-aminobenzothiazoles with ole/ns," Chemical Communications,

vol. 58, no. 13, pp. 2216-2219, 2022.

23. S, Karaca, D. Osmaniye, B. N. Sa glik et al., "Synthesis of novel benzothiazole derivatives and investigation of their enzyme inhibitory elects against Alzheimer's disease," RSC Advances, Vol. 12, no. 36, pp. 23626–23636, 2022.

24. F. Piscitelli, C. Ballatore, and A. B. Smith, "Solid phase synthesis of 2-aminobenzothiazoles," Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters, vol. 20, no. 2, pp. 644–648, 2010.

25. V. Jaitak, V. Jaitak, and K. Kaur, "(thiazole and related heterocyclic systems as anticancer agents: a review on synthetic strategies, mechanisms of action and sar studies," Current Medicinal Chemistry, vol. 29, no. 29, pp. 4958–5009, 2022.

26. N. Arul Murugan, G. Ruba Priya, G. Narahari Sastry, and S. Markidis, "Artificial intelligence in virtual screening: models versus experiments," Drug Discovery Today, vol. 27, no. 7, pp. 1913– 1923, 2022.

27.Vikas S. Padalkar, Bhushan N. Borse, Vinod D. Gupta, Kiran R. Phatangare, Vikas S. Patil, Prashant G. Umape, N. Sekar * Synthesis and antimicrobial activity of novel 2-substituted benzimidazole, benzoxazole and benzothiazole derivatives Arabian Journal of Chemistry (2012) xxx, xxx–xxx

28 Hemlata Kaur, Sunil Kumar, Indu Singh, K.K. Saxena, Ashok Kumar synthesis, characterization and biological activity of various substituted benzothiazole derivatives. Digest Journal of Nanomaterials and Biostructures Vol. 5, No 1, March 2010, p. 67 - 76.

29. Manavendra K. Singh a, Ragini Tilak b, Gopal Nath b, Satish K. Awasthi c, *, Alka Agarwal Design, synthesis and antimicrobial activity of novel benzothiazole analogs European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry 63 (2013) 635e644 30. David Izuchukwu Ugwua,b, Uchechukwu Christopher Okoroa, Pius Onyeoziri Ukohaa, Astha Guptab and Sunday N. Okafora,c Novel antiinflammatory and analgesic agents: synthesis, molecular docking and in vivo studies Journal of enzyme inhibition and medicinal chemistry, 2018 vol. 33, no. 1, 405–415.

31. Gnanavel Sadhasivam* and Kannan Kulanthai synthesis, characterization, and evaluation of antiinflammatory and anti-diabetic activity of new benzothiazole derivatives Journal of Chemical and Pharmaceutical Research, 2015, 7(8):425-431.

32. Durgaprasad Kemisetti, Ruhul Amin, Faruk Alam, Amel Gacem, Talha Bin Emran, Taghreed Alsufyani, Mohammed S. Alqahtani, Saiful Islam ,9 Mohammed Mahbubul Matin, and Mohammed Jameel Novel Benzothiazole Derivatives Synthesis and its Analysis as Diuretic Agents Hindawi Evidence-Based Complementary and Alternative Medicine Volume 2023,

33.Mohammad shahar yar* and zaheen hasan ansari synthesis and *in vivo* diuretic activity of biphenyl benzothiazole-2-carboxamide derivatives acta poloniae pharmaceutica n drug research, vol. 66 no. 4 pp. 387-392, 2009

34. F. Zehra Küçükbay, Nesrin Buğday, Hasan Küçükbay, Muhammet Tanc & Claudiu T. Supuran Synthesis, characterization and carbonic anhydrase inhibitory activity of novel benzothiazole derivatives J Enzyme Inhib Med Chem, Early Online: 1–5.

35. Qinghao Jin 1, Zhiyang Fu 2, Liping Guan 2, * and Haiying Jiang 3Syntheses of Benzo[d]Thiazol-2(3H)-One Derivatives and Their Antidepressant and Anticonvulsant effects, Mar. Drugs 2019, 17, 430. 36. Sukhbir L. Khokraa, Kanika Aroraa, Shah A. Khanb*, Pawan Kaushika, Reetu Sainia and Asif Husainc Synthesis, Computational Studies and Anticonvulsant Activity of Novel

Benzothiazole Coupled Sulfonamide Derivatives, Iranian Journal of Pharmaceutical Research (2019), 18 (1): 1-15.

37. Bharti Chauhan, Rajnish Kumar, * Salahuddin, Himanshu Singh, Obaid Afzal, Abdulmalik Saleh Alfawaz Altamimi, Mohd Mustaqeem Abdullah, Mohammad Shahar Yar,

Mohamed Jawed Ahsan, Neeraj Kumar, and Sanjay Kumar Yadav Design, Synthesis, In Vivo, and In Silico Evaluation of Benzothiazoles Bearing a 1,3,4-Oxadiazole Moiety as New Antiepileptic Agents.

38. Chetna Kharbanda, Mohammad Sarwar Alam, * Hinna Hamid, * Kalim Javed, Sameena Bano, Yakub Ali, Abhijeet Dhulap, Parwez Alam and M. A. Q. Pash Novel benzothiazole based sulfonylureas/sulfonyl thioureas: design, synthesis and evaluation of their antidiabetic potential, new journal of chemistry, issue 8,2016

39. Ninad V. Puranik, Hemalata M. Puntambekar & Pratibha Srivastava antidiabetic potential and enzyme kinetics of benzothiazole derivatives and non-bonded interactions with alpha glucosidase and alpha amylase, medicinal chemistry research, volume25,2016, page no.805-816.

40.Sunil Kumar, Abhilasha Mittal, Ashish Pathak, Sanjeev K. Sahu, Biological assessments of substituted benzothiazole derivatives in streptozocin induced diabetes rats Plant Archives Vol. 20, Supplement 2, 2020 pp. 3250-3253.
